FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2020 and 2019

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & BUSINESS CONSULTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Directors Estes Valley Recreation and Park District Estes Park, Colorado

Report On The Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Estes Valley Recreation and Park District (the District), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility For The Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages i - viii be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison schedules and reconciliation and Conservation Trust Fund - schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget to actual are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison schedules and reconciliation and Conservation Trust Fund - schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget to actual are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the budgetary comparison schedules and reconciliation and Conservation Trust Fund - schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget to actual are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

RulinBrown LLP
April 28, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

This discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Estes Valley Recreation and Park District (the District) provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. Please read in conjunction with the financial statements and accompanying notes.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The District's net position increased by \$1,377,734 or 6.6%. During the year, the District's operating revenues decreased by \$346,234or 8.1% and operating expenses decreased by \$430,899 or 9.0% from the previous year.

In November 2015, District voters approved ballot issues 4C and 4D for construction and operation of a Community Center. Ballot issue 4D authorized issuance of \$19,830,000 in General Obligation Bonds to finance construction. These funds were combined with 1A sales tax revenue from the Town of Estes Park, and supplemental (grant) funds, to construct and equip the \$27 million, 70,000 square foot facility. The building site for the new facility was conveyed to the District in 2016 by the Estes Park R-3 School District. The conveyance also included the existing aquatics facility. (See Financial Statement Note 3.) Construction of the new Community Center was completed in early 2018, and the grand opening was held March 3, 2018.

Following is a Capital Summary for 2020 and looking ahead to 2021:

Facility	2020 Capital Additions / Work in Progress	2021 Budgeted Capital Additions
	 ML loop A stairs, pool ADA access 	 ML upper loop electric service
Campgrounds	ML phase 2 shade shelters	ML phase 3 shade shelters
(Mary's Lake	 ML phase 2 road/entry improvement 	 Utility vehicle replacements (2)
ML; East	 Utility vehicle replacements (2) 	 Replace day-use vault toilet
Portal EP)	 EP firewood/storage shed completion 	 Equipment purchase – skid steer and
	EP & ML playground improvements	trailer
		 Lap Pool boiler replacement
Community	 Technology upgrades for virtual 	 Utility vehicle purchase
Ctr/Aquatics	programming and digital messaging	Gate for Lap Pool
		Camera additions
		 Equipment replacements – utility
		vehicle, aerifier, tee mower, rough
		mower, fairway mower, & water truck
	 Equipment replacements – utility 	 Restaurant equipment replacements
Golf Courses	vehicle, over seeder, tee mower, &	 Maintenance yard safety improvements
	beverage cart	 Bunker Improvements
		 18H Pro Shop new floors and front desk
		 9H Pro Shop new flooring and lighting
		 VFD upgrade and controllers
Marina	 Pontoon boat replacement 	Seasonal water line to pavilion
Marina		 Dock replacement engineering

Parks and Trails	 Stanley Park Master plan execution strategy Phase 3 picnic table replacements Zipline installation Dog park improvements – water, fencing, equipment 	 Stanley Park Replace tennis courts Bike park enhancements Fall River Trail connection Lake Estes Trail fishing pier repair Lake Estes Trail shoreline repair
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- Financial Statement Note 7 describes Capital Lease obligations of the District. No new leases were added in 2020.
- In 2008 Ballot question 4C was approved by voters to increase tax revenue by 1.200 mills for District operations. The new revenue was to make funds available for Community Center operations, the Aquatics Center, Stanley Park, trails, fleet equipment and pine beetle abatement/tree maintenance. The mill levy in 2009-2014 was increased by .973 mills to support expenses in those areas, excluding Community Center operations. Funds for the Aquatic Center were utilized to offset operating costs which are no longer cost-shared by the School District. Funds for trail development have been utilized to leverage GOCO trails funding, complete a trails master plan, set aside for future trails, and for ongoing maintenance of trails within the District. Trees were treated for pine beetle, and new trees were planted. A portion was used to purchase/lease a variety of fleet equipment. Starting in 2015, in anticipation of moving forward with development of the Community Center, the District levied the remaining .227 mills for Community Center operating funds, and set aside \$75,890 in 2015 property tax receipts for this purpose. The District began incurring operating expenses (staff and program planning services) for the Community Center in 2016, and set aside an additional \$62,816 for future years' operating costs. These funds were utilized in 2017 to continue ramping up staff and operational programming, and in 2018 and 2019 for operations.
- In April 2014 the electors of the Town of Estes Park passed Ballot Issue 1A, which provided for the collection and distribution by the Town of a portion of the Town's sales tax for the construction and equipping of a community center, including facilities for senior services. Following the District's successful November 2015 election for funding and operation of the Estes Valley Community Center, the District and Town negotiated an IGA for transfer of the 1A funds to the project (see Financial Statement Note 2). For the year ended December 31, 2020, the amount of 1A funds collected by the Town and transferred to the District for this purpose was \$756,450.
- In November 2015, District voters approved ballot issues 4C and 4D for construction and operation of a Community Center. Ballot issue 4C provided for up to \$200,000/year in operating funds for 10 years. The District began levying this amount in 2018.
- The District continued its Assistance Agreement with the Bureau of Reclamation for implementing
 physical changes to existing facilities to meet requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act
 and maintaining Bureau of Reclamation properties the District manages. The 2020 activity under
 this agreement was limited to noxious weed spraying around Lake Estes.
- In addition to federal funding from the Bureau of Reclamation and FEMA flood recovery grants, the District received the following grants, contributions, and donations during 2020:
 - Cost sharing totaling \$9,104 by the Estes Park Gun and Archery Club.

- o Transfers from the Estes Valley Rec & Park Foundation totaling \$17,040 for Community Center memberships and youth sports scholarships, as well as dog park improvements.
- Safety grant funds totaling \$10,047 from CO Special Districts Property & Liability Pool.
- Contributions totaling \$1,720 from private citizens for placement of memorial benches in Stanley Park and special programing equipment for EVCC.
- In 2013, the Board adopted a continuing goal of increasing reserves by at least \$50,000 per year. The reserve amount at December 31, 2020 was \$3,929,552, a \$620,526 increase from the December 31, 2019 balance of \$3,309,026. Approximately \$1,208,300 of these reserves is designated for trail development and maintenance; \$749,081 is set aside as improvement or program funds; \$360,507 is Conservation Trust Fund designated; \$86,003 TABOR reserve; and the remaining \$1,525,661 available for operations.
- The outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19) and the ensuing detrimental effects on the U.S. economy caused a disruption to the flow and timing of the District's revenue in 2020. Further, operations were disrupted by worker absenteeism and quarantines because of COVID-19. The state of Colorado issued Public Health Order 20-22 closing certain businesses effective March 16, 2020 through May 31, 2020. Public Health Order 20-24 requiring citizens to stay at home as much as possible was issued effective March 26, 2020 through April 26, 2020. The District experienced increased revenues at the Marina and Golf Courses due to increased outdoor recreation in 2020 but the Campground capacity was limited during the entire season. The Community Center was the most impacted by COVID-19 due to mask requirements and constantly fluctuating capacity limits.

USING THIS FINANCIAL REPORT

This annual financial report consists of three parts:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Financial Statements
- Supplementary notes that provide additional information to some of the information in the financial statements.

REQUIRED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the District reflect accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer important, transparent financial information about the District and its activities.

Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets) and obligations to District creditors (liabilities). The Statement of Net Position is one way to measure the District's financial position.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position

This statement measures the results of the District's operations during the past year. The statement presents the income and expenses of the District and enables the reader to determine whether the District has successfully recovered its costs through user fees and other revenues.

Statement of Cash Flows

The final required financial statement is the Statement of Cash Flows. This statement provides the reader with information about the sources and uses of the District's cash during the year. The statement includes cash activity for operations, non-capital financing activities, capital and related financing activities and investing activities. The statement provides a comprehensive summary to the changes in cash and cash equivalents for the District during the fiscal year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT

One of the most important questions asked about the District's finances is, "Is the District as a whole better off or worse off as a result of this year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position report information about the District's activities in a way that can help answer that question. These two statements report the District's net position and changes in it. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are indicators of whether its financial health is improving. However, other non-financial factors, such as changes in economic conditions, population changes and, specifically for the District, severe weather changes, must also be considered.

NET POSITION

As part of our analysis, we provide a summary of the District's Statement of Net Position as presented below.

	2020	2019	\$ Change	2019	2018	\$ Change
Current Assets	\$ 8,428,749	\$ 7,681,561	\$ 747,188	\$ 7,681,561	\$ 6,747,664	\$ 933,897
Capital Assets	36,081,462	37,140,876	(1,059,414)	37,140,876	38,219,932	(1,079,056)
Total Assets	44,510,211	44,822,437	(312,226)	44,822,437	44,967,596	(145,159)
Current Liabilities	1,651,079	1,768,219	(117,140)	1,768,219	1,778,858	(10,639)
Long-term Liabilities	18,023,429	19,600,191	(1,576,762)	19,600,191	21,177,175	(1,576,984)
Total Liabilities	19,674,508	21,368,410	(1,693,902)	21,368,410	22,956,033	(1,587,623)
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,754,598	2,750,656	3,942	2,750,656	2,692,416	58,240
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted:	16,692,834	16,211,812	481,022	16,211,812	15,732,698	479,114
Debt Service	155,409	163,460	(8,051)	163,460	101,872	61,588
Tabor Reserve	86,003	95,404	(9,401)	95,404	96,520	(1,116)
Unrestricted	5,146,859	4,232,695	914,164	4,232,696	3,388,057	844,639
Total Net Position	22,081,105	20,703,371	1,377,734	20,703,372	19,319,147	1,384,225
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	-					
and Net Position	\$ 44,510,211	\$ 44,822,437	\$ (312,226)	\$ 44,822,438	\$ 44,967,596	\$ (145,158)

As seen in the summary, the District's total net position increased by \$1,377,734 in 2020. The reduction in current assets correlates to the increase in capital assets and the reduction in liabilities (payment of debt, construction-related payables and final closeout of construction retainage.)

While the Statement of Net Position shows the change in financial position of the District, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position provides the information as the source of this overall change.

ACTIVITIES

A summary of the District's Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position is presented below:

	2020	2019	\$ Change		2019	2018		\$ Change	
Operating Revenues	\$ 3,942,219	\$ 4,288,453	\$ (346,234)	\$	4,288,453	\$	3,787,718	\$	500,735
Nonoperating Revenues	3,777,996	3,919,632	(141,636)		3,919,632		3,917,936		1,696
Total Revenues	7,720,215	8,208,085	(487,870)		8,208,085		7,705,654		502,431
Operating Exenses	4,359,995	4,790,894	(430,899)		4,790,894		4,829,373		(38,479)
Depreciation	1,424,172	1,411,264	12,908		1,411,264		1,182,177		229,087
Non-Operating Expenses	558,314	621,703	(63,389)		621,703		611,786		9,917
Total Expenses	6,342,481	6,823,861	(481,380)		6,823,861		6,623,336		200,525
Increase (Decrease) in Net									
Position before Contributions	1,377,734	1,384,224	(6,490)		1,384,224		1,082,318		301,906
Contributed Capital	-	-	-		-		-		-
Change in Net Position	1,377,734	1,384,224	(6,490)		1,384,224		1,082,318		301,906
Beginning Net Position	20,703,371	19,319,147	1,384,224		19,319,147		18,236,829		1,082,318
Ending Net Position	\$ 22,081,105	\$ 20,703,371	\$ 1,377,734	\$	20,703,371	\$	19,319,147	\$	1,384,224

2020 operating revenues for the Community Center were down as a result of COVID-19 and a 10-week complete closure. Revenues for the Golf and Marina departments however experienced record highs in 2020. Operating expenses were down in comparison to 2019, which can again be attributed to COVID-19 and the scale back of staff and discretionary spending amid the pandemic.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Colorado State Law requires that the District adopt a budget and appropriate funds for the following year by December 15th of each year. If an amendment is necessary, the Board of Directors will approve a supplemental appropriation at a public hearing and file it with the State of Colorado. The Board of Directors approved such an appropriation at the December 10, 2020 meeting.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At December 31, 2020, the District had \$36.1 million invested in a broad range of property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation. The following schedule summarizes the District's property and equipment, and changes from 2019 to 2020, and 2018 to 2019:

	2020	2019 \$ CI		\$ Change	hange 2019		2018		\$ Change		
Non-Depreciable Assets	\$ 2,417,384	\$	2,311,100	\$	106,284	\$	2,311,100	\$	2,289,322	\$	21,778
Depreciable Assets	41,143,956		41,034,731		109,225		41,034,731		40,747,096		287,635
Accumulated Depreciation	(7,479,878)		(6,204,955)		(1,274,923)		(6,204,955)		(4,816,486)		(1,388,469)
Total Depreciable Assets, Net	33,664,078		34,829,776		(1,165,698)		34,829,776		35,930,610		(1,100,834)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 36,081,462	\$	37,140,876	\$	(1,059,414)	\$	37,140,876	\$	38,219,932	\$	(1,079,056)

LONG-TERM DEBT

CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The District entered into two lease-purchase agreements during each of the years 2014 and 2015, and one agreement in each of the years 2016-2018. Appropriations for lease payments are made annually and do not extend beyond the current year. The related capital assets have been recorded in the statement of net assets as capital assets. The following summary outlines change in capital lease obligations from 2019 to 2020 and from 2018 to 2019.

	2020	2019	\$ Change	2019	2018	\$ Change
Total Long-term Lease Obligations	\$ 1,616,765	\$ 2,180,161	\$ (563,396)	\$ 2,180,161	\$ 2,755,579	\$ (575,418)

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

As described in the Financial Highlights above, and in Note 8 in the Financial Statements, on November 3, 2015, District voters approved Ballot Issues 4C and 4D regarding the construction and operation of a Community Recreation Center. Ballot Issue 4D authorized the District to issue \$19,830,000 in General Obligation Bonds to finance construction of the Community Center. The District issued \$9,000,000 in bonds for this project during 2015, and \$10,830,000 in 2016. Both bond issues were sold at a premium, and have interest rates ranging from 3.00 to 5.00%, with maturity dates ranging from 2016 to 2035. The following summary outlines the change in bonds payable from 2019 to 2020 and 2018 to 2019.

	2020	2019	\$ Change	2019			2018	\$ Change		
Total Bonds Payable	\$ 16,285,000	\$ 17,050,000	\$ (765,000) \$		17,050,000	\$	17,785,000	\$	(735,000)	

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET RATES

The 2021 budget reflects a conservative approach following a year greatly impacted by COVID-19. Capital expenses include improvement projects in Stanley Park, a portion of which will be funded by transfers from Conservation Trust Fund reserves, and equipment purchases for the golf courses and campgrounds.

The Board of Directors considers many factors when setting the District's budget, including user fees and charges. During the 2021 budget process, a nominal increase in recreation and 18-hole golf course fees was enacted; other fees were not materially changed from the prior year. Operating revenues for 2021 have been budgeted conservatively to recognize the unknowns of weather, visitation, natural and pandemic disasters, and general economic conditions.

The 2021 budgeted revenues exceed expenditures. The Board has appropriated funds for 2021 compared to 2020 appropriations as follows:

	2021	2020	\$ Change	2020	2019	\$ Change
Fees and Charges	\$ 4,275,185	\$ 3,936,718	\$ 338,467	\$ 3,936,718	\$ 4,143,743	\$ (207,025)
Conservation Trust/Lottery	58,000	56,500	1,500	56,500	60,000	(3,500)
Taxes	2,963,403	2,954,456	8,947	2,954,456	2,883,229	71,227
Interest Income	44,750	41,395	3,355	41,395	98,500	(57,105)
Transfer from (to) Reserves	493,303	(71,955)	565,258	(71,955)	(179,544)	107,589
Bond/Lease Proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	701,750	657,597	44,153	657,597	829,968	(172,371)
Total Revenues	8,536,391	7,574,711	961,680	7,574,711	7,835,896	(261,185)
Operating Expenses	4,762,557	4,594,204	168,353	4,594,204	4,846,857	(252,653)
Conservation Trust/Lottery	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest Expense	44,312	67,513	(23,201) 67,513	77,396	(9,883)
Bond Issue Costs/Reserves	37,582	45,615	(8,033) 45,615	56,125	(10,510)
Capital Lease Payments	559,799	576,483	(16,684	576,483	574,927	1,556
Bond Debt Service	1,495,000	1,495,600	(600) 1,495,600	1,495,000	600
Capital Outlay	1,445,500	462,700	982,800	462,700	669,234	(206,534)
Reserves & Contingencies	105,047	81,427	23,620	81,427	102,149	(20,722)
Total Expenses	\$ 8,449,797	\$ 7,323,542	\$ 1,126,255	\$ 7,323,542	\$ 7,821,688	\$ (498,146)

DISTRICT ASSESSED VALUATIONS, MILL LEVIES AND PROPERTY TAX COLLECTIONS

The following summaries provide historical analysis of assessed valuations, mill levies and actual property tax collections for the District.

History of District's Assessed Valuation

Levy/Collection	Boulder			Percent
Year	County	Larimer County	Total	Change
2011/2012	\$ 6,777,763	\$331,482,300	\$ 338,260,063	
2012/2013	6,826,660	330,589,160	337,415,820	-0.25%
2013/2014	6,404,578	314,576,380	320,980,958	-4.87%
2014/2015	6,352,917	303,171,420	309,524,337	-3.57%
2015/2016	7,020,065	337,864,366	344,884,431	11.42%
2016/2017	6,963,622	339,602,502	346,566,124	0.49%
2017/2018	7,295,538	362,165,198	369,460,736	6.61%
2018/2019	7,180,061	362,617,046	369,797,107	0.09%
2019/2020	8,049,377	415,324,211	423,373,588	14.49%
2020/2021	8,060,700	415,258,017	423,318,717	-0.01%

History of District's Mill Levy

Levy/Collection		Temporary Tax		Capital/		Total Mill
Year	General Fund	Credit	Bond Fund	Special	Abatements	Levy
2011/2012	1.781	(0.359)	_	0.973	0.030	2.425
2012/2013	1.781	(0.328)	_	0.973	0.012	2.438
2013/2014	1.781	(0.205)	_	0.973	0.008	2.557
2014/2015	1.781	(0.095)	_	1.200	0.006	2.892
2015/2016	1.781	(0.203)	3.900	1.200	0.007	6.686
2016/2017	1.781	(0.162)	4.167	1.200	0.021	7.007
2017/2018	1.781	(0.207)	3.777	1.724	0.215	7.290
2018/2019	1.781	(0.150)	3.909	1.723	0.018	7.281
2019/2020	1.781	(0.323)	3.350	1.648	0.041	6.497
2020/2021	1.781	(0.274)	3.337	1.646	0.027	6.517

Historical Property Tax Collections

Levy/Collection	Total Taxed		Tot	al Taxes	Percent of Levy			
Year	Levied		Col	lected	Collecte	Collected		
2010/2011	\$	808,738	\$	806,183		99.68%		
2011/2012		820,281		815,186		99.38%		
2012/2013		822,619		819,743		99.65%		
2013/2014		820,749		815,235		99.33%		
2014/2015		895,145		889,497		99.37%		
2015/2016		2,305,864		2,290,197		99.32%		
2016/2017		2,428,543		2,419,333		99.62%		
2017/2018		2,692,986		2,681,145		99.56%		
2018/2019		2,692,416		2,682,796		99.64%		
2019/2020		2,750,656		2,736,327		99.48%		

For further information regarding these reports, please contact Tom Carosello, Executive Director, Estes Valley Recreation & Park District, P.O. Box 1379, Estes Park, Colorado 80517, (970)586-8191.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2020 and 2019

ASSETS	2020	2019
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 490,720	\$ 557,926
Investments	3,711,931	3,062,808
Restricted Purpose Investments	1,005,277	796,639
Accounts Receivable	174,694	196,415
Property Taxes Receivable	2,754,598	2,750,656
Inventories	130,802	124,951
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	160,727	192,166
Total Current Assets	8,428,749	7,681,561
CAPITAL ASSETS		
Non-depreciable	2,417,384	2,311,100
Depreciable, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	33,664,078	34,829,776
Total Capital Assets	36,081,462	37,140,876
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Total Assets	44,510,211	44,822,437
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	127,715	163,029
Accrued Payroll and Related Liabilities	73,769	56,770
Compensated Absences	68,388	91,908
Unearned Revenue	35,508	127,639
Current Portion Capital Lease Liabilities	550,699	563,873
Current Portion Bonds Payable	795,000	765,000
Total Current Liabilities	1,651,079	1,768,219
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		
General Obligation Bonds	15,490,000	16,285,000
Bond Premium	1,467,363	1,698,903
Capital Lease Liabilities	1,066,066	1,616,288
Total Long-Term Liabilities	18,023,429	19,600,191
Total Liabilities	19,674,508	21,368,410
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	2,754,598	2,750,656
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	16,692,834	16,211,812
Restricted:	, , -	, ,
Debt Service	155,409	163,460
TABOR Reserve	86,003	95,404
Unrestricted	5,146,859	4,232,695
Total Net Position	\$ 22,081,105	\$ 20,703,371

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

For the Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
OPERATING REVENUES		
Fees and Charges	\$ 3,874,707	\$ 4,204,925
Other	67,512	83,528
Total Operating Revenues	3,942,219	4,288,453
OPERATING EXPENSES		
General and Administrative	$722,\!275$	763,931
Parks	200,328	210,616
Campgrounds	571,439	554,930
Community Center	$1,\!095,\!654$	1,498,015
Golf Courses and Pro Shop	1,138,232	1,163,659
Recreation	255,044	$232,\!322$
Marina	377,023	367,421
Total Operating Expenses	4,359,995	4,790,894
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS BEFORE DEPRECIATION	(417,776)	(502,441)
Depreciation	(1,424,172)	(1,411,264)
NET LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	(1,841,948)	(1,913,705)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Taxes	2,925,869	2,916,439
Intergovernmental Revenues	759,722	822,281
Interest Income	34,795	104,355
Conservation Trust Funds	57,610	64,057
Other Income	-	12,500
Other Expense	(1,693)	(31,898)
Interest Expense	(556,621)	(589,805)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	3,219,682	3,297,929
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	1,377,734	1,384,224
NET POSITION, Beginning of Year	20,703,371	19,319,147
NET POSITION, End of Year	\$ 22,081,105 \$	20,703,371

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

		2020		2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Cash Received from Customers	\$		\$	4,144,010
Cash Payments for Operation and Supplies, Goods and Services		(1,933,494)		(2,105,044)
Cash Payments to Employees		(2,442,748)		(2,650,300)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities		(508,375)		(611,334)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Intergovernmental Receipts		759,722		822,281
Property Taxes Received		2,925,869		2,916,439
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital Financing Activities		3,685,591		3,738,720
CACH ELONG EDOM CADIMAL AND DELAMED BINANGING ACMINI	m to	a		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITATION Interest Paid on Leases and Bonds	TIE			(701 200)
		(786,484)		(791,399) 64,057
Lottery Proceeds Capital Lease Payments		57,610 (563,396)		(575,418)
Bond Principal Payments		(765,000)		(735,000)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		12,750		6,000
Acquisition of Capital Assets		(379,200)		(332,208)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities		(373,200) $(2,423,720)$		
Net Cash Osed in Capital and Kelated Financing Activities		(2,423,720)		(2,363,968)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Investment Sales		2,546,178		2,755,475
Investment Purchases		(3,403,939)		(3,469,498)
Interest Received		37,059		91,039
Net Cash Used In Investing Activities		(820,702)		(622,984)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(67,206)		140,434
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning of Year		557,926		417,492
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, End of Year	\$	490,720	\$	557,926
RECONCILIATION OF NET LOSS FROM OPERATIONS				
TO NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net Loss from Operations		(1,841,948)		(1,913,705)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Loss from Operations to				
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:		1 404 150		
Depreciation		1,424,172		1,411,264
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		(9.049)		(50.040)
Property Tax Receivable		(3,942)		(58,240)
Accounts Receivable		21,721		(21,560)
Inventories Proposid Expanses		(5,851)		(7,072)
Prepaid Expenses		31,439 (35,314)		7,432
Accounts Payable Unearned Revenue		(35,314) (92,131)		22,219
Onearned Revenue Accrued Payroll and Related Liabilities		(92,131) 16,999		(64,643) 7 184
Compensated Absences		(23,520)		7,184 5,787
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	\$	(508,375)	\$	(611,334)
iver Cash Oseu in Operating Activities	φ	(000,010)	Ψ	(011,004)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020 and 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Estes Valley Recreation and Park District (the District) have been prepared in conformity with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant District accounting policies are described below.

The accounting system of the District is organized as a single enterprise fund. An enterprise fund accounts for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise where the intent of the District is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The acquisition, maintenance, and improvement of the physical plant facilities required to provide these services are financed from existing cash resources, the issuance of bonds, and other District funds.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The District was organized in 1955 under provisions of Colorado statutes to provide recreation programs and facilities, including golf courses, a marina, and an aquatic center, and to maintain parks and provide recreation and related services for the residents of - and visitors to - the Estes Valley. The District was originally created under the name of the Rocky Mountain Metropolitan Recreation District. In 1985, its title was changed to the District's current name. The District follows GASB accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included within the reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

In 2018, the District established the Estes Valley Recreation and Park Foundation (the Foundation). The Foundation is a 501(c)(3) nonprofit organization established to improve park facilities, support youth programs, and provide financial assistance to low-income residents. The District's accountability for the Foundation does not extend beyond making appointments to the Board of Directors. Members of the District's Board of Directors may serve on the Board of the Foundation and provide some financial and operational influence, but they do not serve in a controlling capacity. The Foundation is considered a related organization. During 2019, the District donated \$31,898 to the Foundation for the purpose of awarding dog park improvements. No donations were made by the District during 2020.

The District is not financially accountable for any organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

Enterprise-fund accounting is utilized in accordance with GAAP for governmental units. Revenues and expenses are recognized on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position

Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

The District considers highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents approximates fair value because of the short maturities of these financial instruments. Investments are reported at fair value.

Receivables

Property taxes are levied and certified by the County Treasurer in December of the current year. On January 1 of the following year, the County Treasurer bills the property owners, thus establishing an enforceable lien on the property.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (Continued)

The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April 30 or, if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, on February 28 and June 15.

Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August, and tax sales of the liens on delinquent properties are held in November. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Revenue from grants is recognized in the period in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Inventories

Inventories held at the golf courses are valued on an average cost basis and the remainder of the District inventory is valued on the FIFO (first-in, firstout) basis. Inventories consist of items held for resale and supplies.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value (an entry price) at the date of donation. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of three to fifty years. The capitalization threshold for the District is \$5,000.

Compensated Absences

The District allows staff to accumulate up to 35 days of vacation benefits. The expenses for these benefits are accrued in the year earned. Upon termination of employment, an employee is paid for his or her accumulated, unused vacation. The District allows staff to accumulate up to 60 days of sick leave. Accumulated sick leave is not paid upon termination of employment, except for employees who have completed at least 20 years of full-time, year-round continuous service. Employees meeting this criteria are compensated for 50% of their accumulated sick leave hours (maximum of 240 hours paid) at their rate of pay at the time of retirement or end of employment.

Long-Term Obligations

The District reports long-term debt at face value in the financial statements. Long-term debt and other obligations are reported as liabilities.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (Continued)

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Property tax revenue that is related to a future period is recorded as deferred inflows. These amounts are deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period for which the taxes are being leveled.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

D. <u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements, in accordance with GAAP, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. Budgetary Information

The District budgets on a non-GAAP basis. Purchases of capital assets are shown as expenses, and depreciation of capital assets is not budgeted. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The operating budget includes proposed expenses and the means of financing them for the upcoming year, along with estimates for the current year and actual data for the preceding year.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Information (Continued)

Budgets are required by Colorado State Statute. In September, the Executive Director submits a proposed operating budget to the Board of Directors for the fiscal year beginning the following January 1. The Board reviews the budget, and a public hearing is conducted at the regular October meeting to obtain taxpayer comments. The Board adopts the budget, which makes appropriations for the next fiscal year during the November meeting.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. If the total appropriations must be revised, an official amended budget is approved, and a resolution making additional appropriations is passed.

Variances between budget and actual amounts result from the non-expenditure of reserves, non-occurrence of anticipated events, scheduling of capital projects, and normal operating variances.

F. Operations

Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the District's ongoing operations. The District's principal operating revenues are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

NOTE 2: CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits - The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulations. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by PDPA. PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102 percent of the uninsured deposits.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk, as all deposits were insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and collateralized in accordance with PDPA. The District's deposit policy is to deposit funds in banks or savings institutions at eligible PDPA depositories.

NOTE 2: CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District's cash deposits had the following book and bank balances:

	20	20		2019				
	Book		Bank	Book		Bank		
\$	1,555	\$	_	\$	1,555	\$	_	
;	16,013		_		19,510		_	
	_		181,627		_		260,121	
	473,152		404,172		536,861		404,113	
\$	490,720	\$	585,799	\$	557,926	\$	664,234	
	\$	Book \$ 1,555 2 16,013 ————————————————————————————————————	\$ 1,555 \$ 16,013 — 473,152	Book Bank \$ 1,555 \$ — \$ 16,013 — — 181,627 473,152 404,172	Book Bank \$ 1,555 \$ — \$ 16,013 — — 181,627 473,152 404,172	Book Bank Book \$ 1,555 \$ 1,555 16,013 — 19,510 — 181,627 — 473,152 404,172 536,861	Book Bank Book \$ 1,555 \$ 1,555 \$ 1,555 \$ 19,510 • 16,013 - 19,510 - 473,152 - 404,172 536,861	

Investments - Colorado Revised Statutes and the District's investment policy specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest, which include the following:

- United States Treasury obligations;
- Certain United States Agency obligations;
- Certificates of deposit in Colorado banks or savings and loans institutions;
- Repurchase agreements collateralized by appropriate U.S. Treasury or Agency obligations; and
- Colorado investment pools.

Interest Rate Risk - The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from prevailing market interest rates but generally limits investments to maturities of one year or less.

Credit Risk - The District does not have a formal investment policy that addresses the potential of variable cash flows and related credit risk. However, the District's investments in the Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) Plus fund is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's, and investments in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) are rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District had invested \$4,462,493 and \$3,597,494, respectively, in COLOTRUST. At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District had invested \$254,715 and \$261,953, respectively, in CSAFE. COLOTRUST is valued using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investments. COLOTRUST does not have any unfunded commitments, redemption restrictions, or redemption notice periods. CSAFE is valued at amortized cost. COLOTRUST's financial statements are available at www.colotrust.com, and CSAFE's financial statements are available at www.csafe.org. The State Securities Commissioners administers and enforces all state statutes governing the trusts.

NOTE 2: CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk - The local government investment pools are investment vehicles established by state statute for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds for investment purposes. The Trusts operate similarly to a money market fund, and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services to the pools in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions of the pools. All securities owned by the pools are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by the pools. Investments of the pools consist of U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities and are exempt from concentration of credit risk disclosure.

Restricted Purpose Investments - In 2014, Town of Estes Park voters approved Ballot Issue 1A authorizing the Town's collection and distribution of a portion of the Town's sales tax for the construction and equipping of a community center. As described in Note 8 - Bonds Payable, the District issued general obligation bonds for the purpose of funding the construction of a Community Center. Town of Estes Park 1A Sales Tax funds designated for Community Center capital lease repayment and equipment purchases are deposited and held in a separate account until expended (see Note 6 - Operating Agreements). Interest earnings on this account are added to project funds. The Community Center Project Account is held at COLOTRUST.

The District also established a Bond Debt Service Account at CSAFE for the purpose of segregating and distributing property taxes collected for bond debt service.

Monthly property tax collections are deposited into this account and semi-annual bond interest and annual bond principal payments are distributed from this account via wire transfer. Interest earnings on this account are added to funds available for debt service. Any property taxes collected in excess of current-year debt service requirements are held in this account as a reserve for future-years' debt service.

At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District's investments are as follows:

			Maturity
	2020	2019	Date
COLOTRUST - General	\$ 3,612,625	\$ 2,964,315	N/A
COLOTRUST - Community Center Project Account	 849,868	633,179	N/A
Total COLOTRUST	 4,462,493	3,597,494	
CSAFE - General	99,306	98,493	N/A
CSAFE - Bond Debt Service Account	155,409	163,460	N/A
Total CSAFE	254,715	261,953	•
Total Investments	\$ 4,717,208	\$ 3,859,447	

NOTE 3: <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2020 is as follows:

	1	12/31/2019	2019 Additions		Deletions		Transfers		12/31/2020	
Non-Depreciable										-
Capital Assets										
Water Rights	\$	118,435	\$	_	\$	· —	\$	- \$	118,435	
Easements		4,794		_		_		_	4,794	
Land		2,115,572		_					2,115,572	
Construction in Progress		72,299		145,651		_		(39, 367)	178,583	_
Total Non-Depreciable		2,311,100		145,651		_		(39,367)	2,417,384	_
Depreciable Assets										
Buildings and Improvements		38,116,529		81,919		(3,175)		24,688	38,219,961	
Vehicles		282,999		_		_		_	282,999	
Equipment		2,635,203		151,630		(160,516)		14,679	2,640,996	
Total Depreciable Assets	-	41,034,731		233,549		(163,691)		39,367	41,143,956	
Accumulated Depreciation		(6,204,955)		(1,424,172)		149,249		_	(7,479,878)	_
Total Depreciable Capital										
Assets, Net		34,829,776		(1,190,623)		(14,442)		39,367	33,664,078	_
										•
Total Net Capital Assets	\$	37,140,876	\$	(1,044,972)	\$	(14,442)	\$	— \$	36,081,462	_

Construction in Progress transfers are projects uncompleted as of December 31, 2019 and completed in 2020.

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2019 is as follows:

	12/31/2018	Additions		Deletions Tr		Tr	ansfers	12/31/2019	
Non-Depreciable								,	
Capital Assets									
Water Rights	\$ 118,435	\$	_	\$	_	\$	— \$	118,435	
Easements	4,794		_		_		_	4,794	
Land	2,115,572		_		_		_	2,115,572	
Construction in Progress	 50,521		40,258				(18,480)	72,299	
Total Non-Depreciable	 2,289,322		40,258				(18,480)	2,311,100	
Depreciable Assets									
Buildings and Improvements	37,901,455		196,594		_		18,480	38,116,529	
Vehicles	282,999		_				_	282,999	
Equipment	2,562,642		95,356		(22,795)		_	2,635,203	
Total Depreciable Assets	40,747,096		291,950		(22,795)		18,480	41,034,731	
Accumulated Depreciation	 (4,816,486)		(1,411,264)		22,795			(6,204,955)	
Total Depreciable Capital									
Assets, Net	35,930,610		(1,119,314)		_		18,480	34,829,776	
Total Net Capital Assets	\$ 38,219,932	\$	(1,079,056)	\$		\$	— \$	37,140,876	

Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 is \$1,424,172 and \$1,411,264, respectively.

NOTE 4: TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

In 1992, Colorado voters approved Amendment 1, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), which adds a new provision to Section 20, Article X, of the Colorado Constitution. TABOR contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments. TABOR limits increases in revenues and expenditures to the rate of inflation and local growth. TABOR requires, with certain exceptions, voter approval prior to imposing new taxes, increasing taxes or spending above the limits prescribed above, increasing a mill levy, extending an expiring tax, or implementing a tax policy change directly causing a net tax revenue gain to any local government.

Multiple fiscal year debt requires voter approval except for bond refinancing at lower interest rates.

In November 1999, District voters elected to lift restrictions with regard to fee collection for the District effective January 1, 2000. The amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The District believes it is materially in compliance with the requirements of this amendment.

For budgetary purposes, the District separates TABOR enterprise revenues from other revenues. TABOR requires local governments to establish emergency reserves that must be at least 3% of fiscal spending, excluding bonded debt service, to be used only for declared emergencies. "Emergency" does not include economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or District salary or fringe benefit increases. Fiscal year spending does not include TABOR enterprise defined revenues. The District has restricted \$86,003 and \$95,404 as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, in accordance with the provisions of TABOR.

Colorado's budget law requires that expenditures and transfers for a fund cannot exceed the appropriations. For the year ended December 31, 2020 expenditures exceeded appropriations in the Conservation Trust Fund in the amount of \$27,752.

NOTE 5: RISK OF LOSS

The District is exposed to various risk of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District has joined a public entity risk pool.

In July 1991, the District joined the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member special districts in Colorado.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for defined property and liability coverage.

NOTE 5: RISK OF LOSS (Continued)

The Pool Agreement also gives the Board of Directors of the Pool the power to establish that additional contributions, at such times and in such amounts as the Board determines, are needed for the purposes of the Pool. The Board may decide to distribute surplus funds among members; however, the District did not receive any such distribution for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019.

The Pool also covers liquor liability, employee bonding, and workers' compensation. The District continues to carry commercial insurance for employee health, dental, and life insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

NOTE 6: OPERATING AGREEMENTS

Bureau of Reclamation

The District administers the property on which the Mary's Lake and East Portal Campgrounds and Day Use areas, Wapiti Meadows (day-use area), the Lake Estes Marina, a portion of Stanley Park bordering Lake Estes, and the Lake Estes Golf Course are located under a Management Agreement with the Bureau of Reclamation (the Bureau). The District entered into a new Management Agreement with the Bureau on March 20, 2007 to renew the previous agreement for an additional period of 25 years, and is subject to an additional term of 25 years if both parties agree.

Community Center Facility Use and Development Agreement

The District entered into a Restrictive Covenants and Facility Use and Development Agreement incorporated into the conveyance effective December 31, 2016. The Facility Use and Development Agreement provides for School use of the competitive swimming and diving pool (Priority Use Facilities) and other portions of the Community Center gym, weight and locker rooms, meeting and performance space, and golf simulator (Scheduled Use Facilities) at no cost for a period of 40 years. In accordance with the agreement, the District collects all revenue from the operation of the Aquatic Center and is responsible for cost and expense related with operations.

NOTE 6: OPERATING AGREEMENTS (Continued)

Intergovernmental Agreement with Town of Estes Park Regarding the Estes Valley Community Center

On April 1, 2014, the electors of the Town of Estes Park passed Ballot Issue 1A which provided for the collection and distribution by the Town of a portion of the Town's sales tax for the construction of a community center including facilities for the Senior Center. Following the District's successful November 2015 election for funding and operation of the Estes Valley Community Center, and required progress toward center construction, the District and Town negotiated an intergovernmental agreement (the IGA) for transfer of the 1A funds to the project. The IGA transfers responsibility for delivery of senior programming, excluding meals programs, from the Town to the District. The agreement also specifies minimum requirements for facility design as it relates to senior programming, and for the method and timing of transferring monthly 1A sales tax collections from the Town to the District.

Golf Course Lease

The District entered into an operating agreement dated January 15, 1990 with the Town of Estes Park which provided that the Town make capital improvements to the existing eighteen-hole golf course and the District lease the course from the Town. The lease was renewed for two years in 2011 and automatically renews every other January 15 for two-year periods. Under the terms of the agreement, the District is entitled to all revenues generated from its operation of the golf course. In return, the District is responsible for operational expenses of the facility. There are no annual payments required with this agreement.

The Town of Estes Park entered into a Lease-Purchase Agreement with First Security Finance, Inc., using the Estes Park Golf Course property as collateral. The purpose of the lease is to fund construction of a parking structure. Because the parking structure is on federal property (the Bureau), the Town could not use the structure itself as security for the lease. First Security Finance has been named as additional insured for the District's property and liability coverages for this property.

Golf Cart Lease

The District entered into an operating lease dated February 26, 2017 with Yamaha Motor Finance Corporation for the use of 76 DR2A EFI golf carts. The lease term commenced on May 1, 2017 and shall last 54 months. The District traded in its old fleet of carts for a reduction of the total lease amount. The lease will be amortized to lease expense ratably over the life of the contract.

Future noncancellable lease payments are as follows:

Year Ended	I	Amount
2021	\$	42,770

NOTE 7: <u>CAPITAL LEASES</u>

The District utilizes capital lease agreements to finance a portion of capital assets. Lease payments are subject to annual appropriation by the District Board.

Capital lease asset amortization is included in the District's depreciation expense for the related capital assets. A summary of the capital lease assets in place as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

Date of		Leased	Paymen		Ca	pitalized	Acc	umulated		Pa	yments
Lease	Lessor	Assets/Collateral	t Terms	Year		Cost	Dep	preciation	Book Value		Made
5/1/2015	Bank of	1010 1 411 1143 1120 1101,	Quarterl y 8/1/15	2020	\$	137,588	\$	111,380	\$ 26,208	\$	13,989
0/1/2010	Colorado	1 Toro Utility Vehicle (leased assets are the collateral)	to 5/1/20	2019	\$	137,588	\$	91,725	\$ 45,863	\$	27,989
4/17/2015	Ford Motor	F-250 Truck (leased	Annual 4/17/15 to	2020	\$	31,737	\$	25,692	\$ 6,045	\$	-
41112010	Company		4/17/19	2019	\$	31,737	\$	21,158	\$ 10,579	\$	7,165
6/19/2015	Ford Motor	F-150 Truck (leased	Annual 6/19/15 to	2020	\$	30,331	\$	23,832	\$ 6,499	\$	-
	Company		6/19/19	2019	\$	30,331	\$	19,499	\$ 10,833	\$	6,847
2/29/2016	U.S.	(Incongramorron 1	Semi- annual 8/29/16 to 2/28/21	2020	\$	150,863	\$	97,540	\$ 53,323	\$	33,820
2/23/2010	Bancorp			2019	\$	150,863	\$	75,988	\$ 74,875	\$	33,820
1/17/17 (1st draw	Bank of	Community Center Land & Aquatics Facility (Center	Quarterl y 3/1/18	2020	\$	3,940,000	\$	198,974	\$ 3,741,026	\$	547,347
12/15/17)	Colorado	under construction at 12/31/17)	to 12/1/2023	2019	\$	3,940,000	\$	149,231	\$ 3,790,769	\$	547,347
3/15/2018	U.S.	Fairway mower and	Quarterl y 6/15/18	2020	\$	108,816	\$	42,749	\$ 66,067	\$	29,155
5/10/2016	Bancorp	utility spray rig	to 3/15/22	2019	\$	108,816	\$	27,204	\$ 81,612	\$	29,155
			Totals	2020	_	4,399,335	\$	500,167	#########	_	624,311
				2019	\$	4,399,335	\$	384,805	#########	\$	652,323

A summary of changes in capital leases for the year ended December 31, 2020 is as follows:

_	12/31/2019	Additions	Deletions	12/31/2020	Current
Capital Leases	\$2,180,161	\$ —	\$ (563,396)	\$1,616,765	\$ 550,699

NOTE 7: CAPITAL LEASES (Continued)

A summary of changes in capital leases for the year ended December 31, 2019 is as follows:

_	12/31/2018	Additions	Deletions	12/31/2019	Current
Capital Leases	\$2,755,579	\$	\$ (575,418)	\$2,180,161	\$ 563,873

The following are the minimum required capital lease payments as of December 31, 2020:

_	Year Ended	Principal		I	nterest	Total		
	2021	\$	550,699	\$	42,712	\$	593,411	
	2022		528,398		26,238		554,636	
	2023		537,668		10,199		547,867	
•	Total	\$	1,616,765	\$	79,149	\$	1,695,914	

NOTE 8: BONDS PAYABLE

As described in Note 4, Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations, multiple fiscal year debt requires voter approval except for bond refinancing at lower interest rates. On November 3, 2015, District voters approved Ballot Issues 4C and 4D regarding the construction and operation of a Community Center. Ballot Issue 4D authorized the District to issue \$19,830,000 in General Obligation Bonds to finance construction of the Community Center. The District issued \$9,000,000 in bonds for this project during 2015. The bonds were sold at a premium of \$943,937, with an interest rate of 4.00%, and have maturity dates ranging from 2028 to 2035. The District issued the remaining \$10,830,000 in bonds for this project during 2016. The bonds were sold at a premium of \$1,770,003, with interest rates ranging from 3.00 to 5.00%, and maturity dates ranging from 2016 to 2028. Interest payments are due on June 1 and December 1 each year. Principal payments are due annually on December 1, beginning in 2016.

A summary of bonds payable for the year ended December 31, 2020 is as follows:

Series	Iss	ue Amount	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Year	r-end Balance
2015	\$	9,000,000	2028-2035	4%	\$	9,000,000
2016		8,050,000	2016-2028	3.00% - 5.00%		7,285,000

A summary of bond activity for the year ended December 31, 2020 is as follows:

							Dι	ue Within One
_	12/31/2019	Additions	Reductions			12/31/2020		Year
Premium	\$ 1,698,903	\$ _	\$	(231,540)	\$	1,467,363	\$	_
Bonds	17,050,000	_		(765,000)		16,285,000		795,000

NOTE 8: BONDS PAYABLE (Continued)

A summary of bond activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 is as follows:

								Du	e Within One	
	12/31/2018			Reductions			2/31/2019	Year		
Premium \$	1,946,655	\$	_	\$	(247,752)	\$	1,698,903	\$		
Bonds	17,785,000				(735,000)		17,050,000		765,000	

A summary of bond principal and interest payments in subsequent years is as follows:

Year	Principal	I	nterest	Total				
2021	\$ 795,000	\$	699,400	\$	1,494,400			
2022	830,000		667,600		1,497,600			
2023	860,000		634,400		1,494,400			
2024	895,000		600,000		1,495,000			
2025	940,000		555,250		1,495,250			
2026 - 2030	5,400,000		2,037,700		7,437,700			
2031 - 2035	6,565,000		808,800		7,373,800			
	\$ 16,285,000	\$	6,003,150	\$	22,288,150			

NOTE 9: DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The District provides a 457 deferred compensation plan for employees, administered by IMCA Retirement Corporation. Full-time employees are eligible to participate in a deferred compensation program. The District will match an eligible employee's contribution up to 4% of the employee's salary. The District contributed \$29,594 and \$28,239 in matching contributions for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Employees who are participating members contributed \$68,109 and \$48,694 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

NOTE 10: LITIGATION

From time to time, the District is subject to claims and lawsuits that arise primarily in the ordinary course of its activities. It is the opinion of management that the disposition or ultimate resolution of such claims and lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the net position and change in net position of the District.

NOTE 11: RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization recognized COVID-19 as a global pandemic, prompting many national, regional, and local governments to implement preventative or protective measures, such as travel and business restrictions, wide-sweeping quarantines and stay-at-home orders. As a result, COVID-19 and the related restrictive measures have had a significant adverse impact upon many sectors of the economy, including recreation. There continues to be uncertainty around the breadth and duration of the business disruptions related to COVID-19, as well as its impact on the U.S. and international economies. The District is unable to determine if it will have a material impact on its future operations.

NOTE 12: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In March 2021, the District entered into a capital lease agreement with a bank for certain golf and maintenance equipment in the amount of \$263,245 with an interest rate of 1.27%. The lease agreement requires quarterly principal and interest payments totaling of \$16,900 beginning June 2021 and ending in March 2025.

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date the financial statements are available to be issued, which is the date of the Independent Auditors' Report.



ESTES VALLEY RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (NON-GAAP) For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original	A	Amended			ariance avorable
REVENUES	Budget		Budget	Actual	(Un	favorable)
Taxes	\$ 2,954,456	\$	2,954,456	\$ 2,925,869	\$	(28,587)
Conservation Trust Funds	60,000		56,500	57,610		1,110
Intergovernmental Revenues	854,475		642,272	759,722		117,450
Parks	19,600		25,727	7,232		(18,495)
Golf Courses and Pro Shop	1,475,348		1,708,746	1,700,386		(8,360)
Recreation	148,800		91,279	69,939		(21,340)
Community Center	1,150,000		479,764	475,326		(4,438)
Marina	546,150		667,605	661,823		(5,782)
Campgrounds	1,122,100		963,597	960,001		(3,596)
Interest Income	92,500		41,395	34,795		(6,600)
Transfer (to) from Reserves	91,403		(71,955)	(713, 317)		(641, 362)
Other	53,000		15,325	67,512		52,187
Total Revenues	8,567,832		7,574,711	7,006,898		(567,813)
EXPENDITURES						
General and Administrative	732,671		689,587	722,275		(32,688)
Parks	217,548		181,428	200,328		(18,900)
Golf Courses and Pro Shop	1,192,014		1,133,481	1,138,232		(4,751)
Recreation	308,406		270,319	255,044		15,275
Community Center	1,512,061		1,356,811	1,095,654		261,157
Marina	398,763		376,066	377,023		(957)
Campgrounds	601,981		586,512	571,439		15,073
Interest Expense	796,945		798,113	782,124		15,989
Capital Lease Payments	585,672		576,483	563,396		13,087
Bond Principal Payments	765,000		765,000	765,000		_
Reserve and Contingencies	110,295		81,427	53,811		27,616
Bond/Lease Issue Costs	45,624		45,615	_		45,615
Capital Outlay	1,254,000		462,700	379,200		83,500
Total Expenditures	 8,520,980		7,323,542	6,903,526		420,016
Excess of Revenues over						
Expenditures	\$ 46,852	\$	251,169	\$ 103,372	\$	(147,797)

ESTES VALLEY RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (NON-GAAP) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Original	,	Amended				ariance avorable
REVENUES		Budget	1	Budget		Actual		favorable)
Taxes	\$	2,865,826	\$	2,883,229	\$	2,916,439	\$	33,210
Conservation Trust Funds	,	53,000	,	60,000	,	64,057	,	4,057
Intergovernmental Revenues		654,125		754,125		822,281		68,156
Parks		18,000		18,925		19,703		778
Golf Courses and Pro Shop		1,487,925		1,469,043		1,467,175		(1,868)
Recreation		114,200		91,500		87,117		(4,383)
Community Center		1,013,800		993,500		1,076,220		82,720
Marina		543,978		539,192		534,590		(4,602)
Campgrounds		967,500		1,022,480		1,020,113		(2,367)
Interest Income		75,500		98,500		104,355		5,855
Transfer (to) from Reserves		(3,615)		(179,544)		(465, 157)		(285,613)
Other		11,700		84,946		83,528		(1,418)
Total Revenues		7,801,939		7,835,896		7,730,421		(105,475)
EXPENDITURES								
General and Administrative		780,371		769,182		763,931		5,251
Parks		299,685		239,859		210,616		29,243
Golf Courses and Pro Shop		1,223,519		1,176,811		1,163,659		13,152
Recreation		243,463		246,858		232,322		14,536
Community Center		1,307,524		1,499,505		1,498,015		1,490
Marina		396,896		375,738		367,421		8,317
Campgrounds		595,060		569,402		554,930		14,472
Interest Expense		837,396		837,396		838,657		(1,261)
Capital Lease Payments		574,927		574,927		575,418		(491)
Bond Principal Payments		735,000		735,000		735,000		
Reserve and Contingencies		106,387		127,776		58,581		69,195
Bond/Lease Issue Costs		53,125				, <u> </u>		
Capital Outlay		628,000		669,234		332,208		337,026
Total Expenditures		7,781,353		7,821,688		7,330,758		490,930
Excess of Revenues over								
Expenditures	\$	20,586	\$	14,208	\$	399,663	\$	385,455

RECONCILIATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - NON-GAAP BUDGET

For the Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
RECONCILIATION		_
Changes in Net Position Per Statement of Revenues, Expenses		
and Changes in Fund Net Position	\$ 1,377,734	\$ 1,384,224
Add:		
Expenses Which are Not Expenditures for Budgetary Purposes:		
Depreciation	1,424,172	1,411,264
Accrued Interest Expense	(44,388)	(52,790)
Other Income	(1,693)	12,500
Total Additions	1,378,091	1,370,974
Deduct:		
Items Which are Expenses for Budgetary Purposes:		
Capital Lease Payments	563,396	575,418
Bond Principal Payments	765,000	735,000
Amortization of Bond Premium	231,540	247,752
Capital Outlay	379,200	332,208
Transfers to Reserves	713,317	465,157
Total Deductions	2,652,453	2,355,535
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures - Budgetary Basis	\$ 103,372	\$ 399,663

CONSERVATION TRUST FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	0	riginal		Final		Actual	F	ariance - 'avorable nfavorable)
REVENUES		11giiiai		ΙΠαι		Houai	(01	<u>iiavoi abicj</u>
State Lottery	\$	60,000	\$	56,500	\$	57,610	\$	1,110
Interest Revenue		4,500	·	2,300	·	2,265	·	(35)
Total Revenue		64,500		58,800		59,875		1,075
EXPENDITURES Outdoor Park Improvements		_		_		14,055		(14,055)
Stanley Park Improvements		30,000		30,000		43,697		(13,697)
Total Expenditures		30,000		30,000		57,752		(27,752)
REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		34,500		28,800		2,123		(26,677)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning FUND BALANCE, Ending		300,632 335,132	\$	300,632 329,432	\$	300,632 302,755	-	